



UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / SUBJECT SPECIFICATION

Predmet:	Družinska medicina II
Subject Title:	Family medicine II

Študijski program Study programme	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Year	Semester Semester
Splošna medicina General medicine – EMŠP		6	11

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University subject code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Sem. vaje Tutorial	Lab. vaje Labor work	praktikum Field work	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
	25			110	45	6

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

Izr. prof. dr. Ksenija Tušek Bunc

Jeziki /

Predavanja / Lecture:

Slovenski/slovene

Languages:

Vaje / Tutorial:

Slovenski/slovene

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Prerequisites:

Vsebina:

- uporaba kliničnega znanja, apliciranega na probleme prvega stika z bolnikom,
- zgodnje prepoznavanje bolezni,
- vodenje primarne, sekundarne in terciarne preventive,
- vodenje bolnika z najpogostejšimi kroničnimi boleznimi,
- obravnava najpogostejših zdravstvenih težav v družinski medicini,
- vzpostavitev in vzdrževanje trajnih odnosov med bolnikom in zdravnikom,
- izvajanja zdravstvene dejavnosti v družinski medicini,
- motivacija bolnika za zdravljenje,
- profesionalizem,
- pravno-etična vprašanja,
- paliativna medicina,
- nasilje.

Content (Syllabus outline):

- application of clinical knowledge in the first contact settings,
- early detection of the diseases,
- primary, secondary, tertiary prevention,
- chronic disease management,
- management of the most frequently appearing health care problems in family practice,
- physician patient relationship,
- primary care skills,
- patient motivation for treatment,
- professionalism,
- ethical questions,
- palliative medicine,
- family violence.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Textbooks:

Temeljni viri:

- Klemenc-Ketiš Z, ur. Praktikum družinske medicine. 2. izdaja. Maribor: Medicinska fakulteta Univerze v Mariboru, 2011.
- Švab I, Rotar Pavlič D. Družinska medicina. Ljubljana: Združenje zdravnikov družinske medicine SZD; 2012.

Dodatna literatura:

- Ivetić V, ur. Navodila za predmet Družinska medicina II. Maribor: Medicinska fakulteta UM; 2018.
- Kersnik J. Osnove družinske medicine. Maribor: Medicinska fakulteta Univerze v Mariboru, 2007.
- Predavanja

- Accetto R, et al. Slovenske smernice za obravnavo hipertenzije 2013. Zdrav Vestn 2014; 83: 727–58.
- Šatej N, et al. Obvladovanje sladkorne bolezni tip 2 v družinski medicini.
- Kersnik J, Car J. Obravnava kronične bolečine v križu v družinski medicini. Zdrav Var 2005; 44: 193-198
- Lindič J. Okužbe sečil. Krka Med Farm 2003; 24: Supl 1: 11-62.
- Žvab B, et al. Slovenske smernice za obravnavo migrene. 2006.
- Kocjan T, et al. Smernice za odkrivanje in zdravljenje osteoporoze. Zdrav Vestn 2013; 82: 207-17.
- Mušič E, et al. Priporočila za obravnavo zunajbolnišnične pljučnice. Zdrav Vestn 2010; 79: 245-64.
- Kmetec A, et al. Smernice za diagnostiko, spremljanje in zdravljenje moških z BHP. Ljubljana: Društvo za zdrava sečila; 2010.
- Mazej B, et al. Umirajoči bolnik in zdravnik družinske medicine. Med Razgl 2008; 47: 403-10.
- Klemenc-Ketis Z, ur. Profesionalizem. Ljubljana: Družinska medicina; 2011.

Cilji in kompetence

Ob koncu predmeta bo študent:

- razložil primarno, sekundarno, terciarno in kvartarno preventivo,
- opisal dejavnike tveganja pri posameznih boleznih,
- razložil populacijski pristop,
- opisal usmerjene intervencije ,
- razpravljaj o etičnih dilemah preventive,
- opisal preventivne programe v Sloveniji,
- opisal preventivne programe v družinski medicini,
- opisal nacionalne preventivne programe v Sloveniji,
- razložil zdravnikovo delo v skupnosti,
- poznal, s kom in kako lahko v skupnosti zdravnik družinske medicine sodeluje,
- opisal vključenost zdravnika družinske medicine v zdravstveno oskrbo lokalne skupnosti,
- opisal obravnavo marginalnih skupin,
- definiraj motivacijo bolnika za zdravljenje,
- razložil pomen motivacije bolnika za zdravljenje,
- opisal proces spreminjanja življenjskih navad,
- opisal lastnosti dobrega terapevta za motivacijo bolnikov,
- razpravljaj o posameznih obdobjih procesa spreminjanja življenjskih navad,
- opisal motivacijski intervju,
- uporabil motivacijski intervju,
- razložil pristop k bolniku z novimi zdravstvenimi težavami,
- opisal pogostost, verjetnost, možnost nevarnega poteka,
- prepoznal nujna stanja,
- opisal ABCDE pristop,
- utemeljil ukrepanje pri nujnem stanju,
- definiraj nejasna stanja v družinski medicini,
- poznal epidemiologijo nejasnih stanj v družinski medicini,
- opisal obravnavo bolnikov z nejasnimi stanji,
- uporabil načela sporazumevanja z bolniki z nejasnimi stanji v praksi,
- razložil pomen racionalnega odločanja za diagnostične preiskave,
- naštel merila za ustrezno napotitev na diagnostične preiskave,

Objectives and competencies:

At the end of the subject the student will

- explain primary , secondary, tertiary and quaternary prevention,
- describe the risk factors of some diseases,
- explain a population approach,
- describe directed interventions,
- discuss about ethical dilemmas of prevention,
- describe preventive programs in Slovenia,
- describe preventive programs in family practice,
- describe national preventive programs in Slovenia,
- explain the work of physician in community,
- know with whom and how a physician can collaborate in a community,
- describe the involvement of a family physician in health care of a local community,
- describe the management of marginal groups,
- define motivation for treatment,
- explain the meaning of motivation for treatment,
- describe a process of life style changing,
- describe the features of a good life style therapist,
- discuss about the individual parts of a life style process,
- describe a motivational interview,
- use a motivational interview in patients,
- explain an approach to a patient with new health problems,
- describe prevalence, probability, dangerous flow of diseases,
- recognize emergency situations,
- describe ABCDE approach,
- justify the management of patients with acute problems,
- define medically unexplained symptoms (MNS),
- know the epidemiology of MNS in family medicine,
- describe the management of patients with MNS,
- use the features of communication with patients with MNS,
- explain the meaning of rational decision making for diagnostic procedures,
- list the features of rational referrals to diagnostic procedures,
- describe the most common diagnostic procedures in family medicine,

– opisal najpogostejše preiskave v družinski medicini, – vrednotil najpogostejše diagnostične preiskave v družinski medicini, – opisal načela vodenja bolnika s kroničnimi boleznimi v družinski medicini, – opisal elemente vodenja bolnika s kroničnimi boleznimi v družinski medicini, – opisal vrste pogledov na kronično bolezen, – razložil kompetence zdravnika družinske medicine pri vodenju bolnika s kroničnimi boleznimi v družinski medicini, – razpravljaj o pomembnosti vključevanja bolnika v zdravljenje, – definiral bolnika kot partnerja v postopku zdravljenja, – vrednotil pomen zaupnosti v partnerskem odnosu, – izvajal učinkovito sporazumevanje z bolnikom, – opisal metode samozdravljenja, – razložil, kako v zdravljenje vključimo starostnika, psihiatričnega bolnika in bolnika z medicinsko nepojasnenimi stanji, – opisal problematiko sočasnih bolezni in stanj, – opisal sodelovanje z bolnikom, – opisal sporazumevanje z bolnikom s sočasnimi boleznimi in stanji, – razložil načine sporazumevanja z družino in s svojci, – razložil pomen racionalnega predpisovanja zdravil, – opisal posebnosti predpisovanja zdravil v družinski medicini, – opisal postopek racionalnega predpisovanja zdravil, – razpravljaj o elementih neustreznega predpisovanja zdravil, – prepoznal težave pri predpisovanju zdravil, – vrednotil slabo kakovost predpisovanja zdravil, – razpravljaj o polipragmaziji in medikalizaciji, – opisal postopek registracije zdravil in razvrščanja na liste, – naštel omejitve pri predpisovanju zdravil, – opisal možnosti fizikalne medicine in rehabilitacije v ambulantni družinski medicine, – naštel kontraindikacije za zdraviliško zdravljenje, – vrednotil pomen sodelovanja s kliničnimi specialisti in drugimi sodelavci, – opisal vloge članov tima, – razpravljaj o uspešnem sodelovanju v timu, – opisal postopek razreševanja sporov v timu, – razložil vzroke za slabo sodelovanje s kliničnimi specialisti, – vrednotil vpliv dobrega sodelovanja s kliničnimi specialisti na oskrbo bolnika, – razložil metode za dobro sodelovanje s kliničnimi specialisti, – poznal pomen in možnosti domskega varstva, – razložil vlogo zdravnika družinske medicine v domski oskrbi, – opisal načela oskrbe težje bolnih bolnikov,	– value the most common diagnostic procedures in family medicine, – describe the features of managing the patient with multiple diseases in family medicine, – describe different approaches to chronic disease, – explain the competencies of family physician in managing patients with chronic diseases in family medicine, – discuss about the importance of patient involvement in treatment, – define a patient as a partner in treatment process, – value the meaning of trust in a partnership, – perform an effective communication with patients, – describe the methods of self-treatment, – explain how to include elderly patients, psychiatric patients and patients with MNS in treatment, – describe the issue of polymorbidity, – describe cooperation with patient, – describe communication with polymorbid patients, – explain the different ways of communication with family and relatives, – explain the meaning of rational prescribing, – describe the features of rational prescribing in family medicine, – describe the process of rational prescribing, – discuss the elements of inappropriate prescribing, – recognize the problems with prescribing, – value low prescribing quality, – discuss about polypragmasy and medicalization, – describe the process of drug registration, – list the limitations in prescribing, – describe the possibilities of physical therapy and rehabilitation in family medicine, – list the contraindications for spa rehabilitation, – value the meaning of cooperation with clinical specialists and other members of a team, – describe the roles of team members, – argue about a successful teamwork, – describe the process of effective solving of disputes in a team, – explain the causes for bad cooperation with clinical specialists, – value the effect of a good cooperation with clinical specialists on patient care, – explain the methods for good cooperation with clinical specialists, – know the meaning and possibilities of institutional care, – explain the role of family physician in institutional care, – describe the features of very ill patients' management, – describe the complications of treatment of cancer patients and describe their management, – describe the management of elderly and patients after major surgeries, – describe the features of palliative care,
--	---

– opisal zaplete in njihovo reševanje pri onkoloških bolnikih, – opisal oskrbo starostnikov, bolnikov po operacijah, – opisal načela paliativne oskrbe, – opisal oskrbo umirajočega bolnika, – razumel vlogo članov tima pri umirajočem bolniku, – naštel osnovne zakonske akte pri delu zdravnika, – opisal osnovna etična načela v medicini, – na primeru razložil etične dileme, – definiral profesionalizem v družinski medicini, – razložil elemente profesionalizma, – vrednotil pomen profesionalnega vedenja zdravnika, – vrednotil uporabo komplementarnih in alternativnih metod zdravljenja s strani bolnikov, – opisal načela sporazumevanja z bolnikom, ki se samozdravi, – razpravljaj o etičnih dilemah samozdravljenja, – opisal vrste nasilja v družini, – prepoznal nasilje pri bolnikih, – opisal ukrepe zdravnika ob nasilju, – razpravljaj o etičnih dilemah, povezanih z nasiljem, – opisal nove tehnologije v družinski medicini, – razpravljaj o etičnih dilemah uporabe sodobnih informacijskih tehnologij v družinski medicini, – izvedel merjenje krvnega tlaka, – prikazal uporabo pršilnika in PEF metra, – apliciral intramuskularno, subkutano in intravenozno injekcijo, – pregledal dojke, – izvedel digitorektalni pregled, – izpiral sluhovod, – pregledal oko, – odstranil tujek v roženici in veznici, – kateteriziral mehur pri moškem in pri ženski, – opisal shemo cepljenja proti tetanusu, – snemal in odčitaval EKG, – interpretiral laboratorijske izvide, – načrtoval analgetično zdravljenje pri umirajočem z rakavo bolečino, – ocenil SŽO, – ocenil kadilski in pivski status, – ocenil delovanje družine, – zapisal stik v zdravstveni karton, – obravnaval bolnike s pogostimi akutnimi in kroničnimi boleznimi v praksi.	– describe the features of the management of a dying patients, – understand the role of teamwork in dying patients, – list the basic legal acts in physician work, – describe the basic ethical principles in medicine, – explain by the example ethical dilemmas, – define professionalism in family medicine, – explain the elements of professionalism, – value the meaning of professional behavior of physicians, – value the use of complementary and alternative methods by patients, – describe the features of communication with patient who performs self-treatment, – argue about ethical dilemmas of self-treatment, – describe the types of family violence, – recognize the presence of violence in patients, – describe the measures of physicians when faced with violence, – discuss about ethical dilemmas connected to violence, – describe new technologies in family medicine, – discuss about ethical dilemmas of the use of modern technologies in family medicine, – measure blood pressure, – show the use of spray and PEF meter, – apply intramuscular, subcutaneous and intravenous injection, – examine the breasts, – perform a digitorectal examination, – rinse the ear, – examine the eye, – remove a foreign body in the eye, – perform a urinary bladder catheterisation in women and in men, – describe the scheme of antitetanus vaccination, – record and interpret the ECG, – interpret laboratory findings, – plan the analgesic treatment on a dying patient with cancer pain, – assess CV risk, – assess family dynamics, – write a consultation to medical record, – manage patients with common acute and chronic diseases in practice.
--	---

Predvideni študijski rezultati:**Intended learning outcomes:**

<u>Znanje in razumevanje:</u> – preventive, – obravnave pogostih akutnih in kroničnih bolezni v družinski medicini, – profesionalizma, – pravno-etičnih vprašanj, – paliativne medicine, – nasilja.	<u>Knowledge and understanding:</u> – prevention, – management of common acute and chronic diseases in family practice, – professionalism, – legal in ethical questions, – palliative medicine, – family violence.
--	---

Prenesljive/ključne spretnosti in drugi atributi:

- uporaba kliničnega znanja, apliciranega na probleme prvega stika z bolnikom,
- vodenje posveta,
- motivacija bolnika za zdravljenje,
- obravnava pogostih akutnih in kroničnih bolezni v družinski medicini,
- ukrepanje ob nasilju,
- celovita in celostna obravnava bolnika,
- načrtovanje diagnostike in zdravljenja.

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

- use of clinical knowledge in primary care settings,
- consultation management,
- motivation of patients for treatment,
- how to manage common acute and chronic diseases in family practice,
- how to manage when patients with family violence,
- comprehensive and holistic care for patients,
- planning of diagnostics and treatment.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Seminarji
Vaje v ambulantni
Razprava ob primerih

Learning and teaching methods:

Seminars
Practical work in family medicine practice
Clinical cases' discussion

Načini ocenjevanja:

Delež (v %) /
Weight (in %)

Assessment:

Način (pisni izpit, ustno izpraševanje, naloge, projekt)

Pisni izpit
Ustni izpit

70 %

Written exam

30 %

Oral exam

ŠTUDIJSKE OBVEZNOSTI ŠTUDENTOV

1. 80 % prisotnost na vajah v ambulantni (tj. 96 ur)
2. 80 % prisotnost na seminarjih (tj. 20 ur),
3. opravljene vaje v ambulantni družinske medicine.

POGOJI ZA PRISTOP K POSAMEZNEMU PREVERJANJU ZNANJA

Pogoji za pristop k izpitu so:

- pozitivna ocena (opravil / ni opravil) iz vaj v ambulantni,
- .

KONČNA OCENA

Pisni izpit je sestavljen iz 50 MCQ vprašanj v računalniški obliki, za katere je na razpolago 45 minut. Ocena iz pisnega izpita se določi po naslednjem kriteriju: 47-50 točk: ocena 10; 43-46 točk: ocena 9; 38-42: ocena 8; 34-37: ocena 7; 30-33: ocena 6; < 30 točk: pisni izpit ni opravljen.

V primeru, da študent na pisnem izpitu doseže manj kot 30 točk, izpita iz predmeta ni opravil.

Type (examination, oral, coursework, project):

ACADEMIC OBLIGATIONS OF STUDENTS:

1. 80% attendance practice exercise (i.e. 96 h)
2. 80% attendance seminar (i.e. 20 h)
3. clinical practice in family medicine practices
- 4.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS TO INDIVIDUAL KNOWLEDGE CHECKING

Students are admitted to final written exam if they have

- Positive mark from practice assignment (passed / not passed)

FINAL MARK

Written test is composed out of 50 MCQ in electronic format, 45 minutes are available. Criteria: 47-50 points: mark 10; 43-46 points: mark 9; 38-42: mark 8; 34-37: mark 7; 30-33: mark 6; < 30 points: not passed.

If the student reaches less than 30 points on written exam, he/she does not pass the exam.

Ustni izpit je sestavljen iz treh vprašanj. Študent lahko z ustnim izpitom oceno pisnega izpita zviša za eno stopnjo, zniža za eno stopnjo ali pa ocena ostane nespremenjena. Študent, ki želi oceno izpita popravljati, mora ponovno opraviti pisni in ustni izpit.		The oral exam consists of three questions. With the oral exam, the student can increase the grade of the written exam by one level, decrease it by one level or the grade remains unchanged. A student who wishes to improve the exam grade must retake the written and oral exam.
Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:		
TUŠEK BUNC Ksenija 1. TUŠEK-BUNC, Ksenija, PETEK, Davorina. Management of patients with coronary heart disease in family medicine : correlates of quality of care. <i>International journal for quality in health care : the official journal of the International Society for Quality in Health Care</i>. Aug. 2018, vol. 30, no. 7, str. 551-557. ISSN 1353-4505. https://academic.oup.com/intqhc/advance-article/doi/10.1093/intqhc/mzy071/4965803, DOI: 10.1093/intqhc/mzy071. [COBISS.SI-ID 33730521] 2. TUŠEK-BUNC, Ksenija, PETEK, Davorina. Comorbidities and characteristics of coronary heart disease patients: their impact on health-related quality of life. <i>Health and quality of life outcomes</i>. 2016, vol. 14. ISSN 1477-7525. https://hqlo.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12955-016-0560-1, DOI: 10.1186/s12955-016-0560-1. [COBISS.SI-ID 512642360] 3. KITIČ JAKLIČ, Tatjana, KOVAČ, Jure, MALETIČ, Matjaž, TUŠEK-BUNC, Ksenija. Analysis of patient satisfaction with emergency medical services. <i>Open medicine</i>. 2018, vol. 13, iss. 1, str. 493-502, tabele, graf. prikazi. ISSN 2391-5463. https://www.degruyter.com/view/j/med.2018.13.issue-1/med-2018-0073/med-2018-0073.xml?format=INT, DOI: 10.1515/med-2018-0073. [COBISS.SI-ID 8064787] 4. ROTAR-PAVLIČ, Danica, TUŠEK-BUNC, Ksenija, BOJOVIC, Aleksandar, MARTI, Tino. <i>Improving quality of care and integration of health services delivery in Sombor : project WHO : 30 April 2019 - 10 December 2019</i>. Ljubljana: World Health Organization, Regional Office for Europe, 2020. 9 f. [COBISS.SI-ID 8064787] 5. PETEK, Davorina, PETEK ŠTER, Marija, TUŠEK-BUNC, Ksenija. Health behavior and health-related quality of life in patients with a high risk of cardiovascular disease = Zdravstvene navade in z zdravjem povezana kakovost življenja pri bolnikih z visokim tveganjem za nastanek bolezni srca in ožilja. <i>Zdravstveno varstvo : Slovenian journal of public health</i>. [Tiskana izd.]. 2018, letn. 87, št. 1, str. 39-46. ISSN 0351-0026. DOI: 10.2478/sjph-2018-0006. [COBISS.SI-ID 33576153] 6. TUŠEK-BUNC, Ksenija, PETEK ŠTER, Marija, PETEK, Davorina. Kakovost oskrbe v odnosu na oceno kakovosti vodenja kronične bolezni bolnikov s koronarno boleznijo = Correlation of coronary heart disease patient assessments of chronic illness care and quality of care procedures. <i>Acta medico-biotechnica : AMB</i>. [Tiskana izd.]. 2018, vol. 11, [no.] 1, str. 18-26, tabele. ISSN 1855-5640. http://actamedbio.mf.um.si/07_amb20_clanek_162-17.pdf. [COBISS.SI-ID 33932249]		