

| UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS | | | | | | |
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| Ime predmeta: | Infekcijske bolezni | | | | | |
| Course title: | Infectious diseases | | | | | |
| Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and cycle | | Študijska smer Study option | | Letnik Year of study | Semester Semester | |
| Splošna medicina, enovit magistrski študijski program | | | | Peti | 10. | |
| General medicine, Uniform master's degree study program | | | | Fifth | 10th | |
| Vrsta predmeta (obvezni ali izbirni) / Course type (compulsory or elective) | | obvezni compulsory | | | | |
| Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code: | | | | | | |
| Predavanja Lectures | Seminar Seminar | Vaje Tutorial | Klinične vaje Clinical training | Druge oblike študija Other forms of study | Samost. delo Individual work | ECTS |
| 15 | 30 | AV LV RV | 15 | | 90 | 5 |
| Nosilec predmeta / Course coordinator: | doc. dr. Nina Gorišek Miksić | | | | | |
| Jeziki /Languages: | Predavanja / Lectures: slovenski/slovene Vaje / Tutorial: slovenski/slovene | | | | | |
| Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: | Prerequisites for enrolling in the course or for performing study obligations: | | | | | |
| Vsebina (kratki pregled učnega načrta): | | | | | | |
| Uvod v infekcijske bolezni, klinični in laboratorijski znaki vnetja. Bakterijske okužbe: stafilokokne, streptokokne, pertusis, tetanus, botulizem, davica, leptospirose, lymfska borelioza. Virusne okužbe, ki jih povzročajo: enterični virusi, respiratorni sincicijski virusi, adenovirusi, herpes virusi, varicela-zoster virus, citomegalovirus, Epstein-Barr virus, virus influence in parainfluence, virusi hepatitis, ošpice, rdečke, exanthema subitum, exanthema infectiosum, AIDS, klamidijske okužbe, rikecioze. Parazitarne bolezni: trihinelzoza, malarija, tripanosomiaza. Zoonoze: antraks, brucelzoza, lišmanioza, tularemija. Bolezenski sindromi: bakterijski meningitisi, serozni meningitisi, encefalitisi, bakterijske in atipične pljučnice, črevesne okužbe, | | | | | | |
| Content (syllabus outline): | | | | | | |
| Introduction to infectious diseases, clinical and laboratory signs of inflammation. Bacterial infections: staphylococcal, streptococcal, pertusis, tetanus, botulism, diphtheria, leptospirosis, Lyme boreliosis. Viral infections cause by enteroviruses, sintitial respiratory viruses, adenoviruses, herpes viruses, varicella-zoster virus, cytomegalovirus, Epstein-Barr virus, influenza and parainfluenza virus, hepatitis, rubella, rubella, exanthema subitum, exanthema infectiosum, AIDS; chlamidia, rickettsia infections. Parasitic infestations: trihinellosis, malaria, trypanosomiasis. Zoonoses: anthrax, brucellosis, leishmaniosis, tularemia. Disease syndroms: bacterial meningitis, serous meningitis, encephalitis, bacterial and | | | | | | |

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| <p>hemoragične mrzlice, nejasna vročinska stanja, sepsa, izpuščajne bolezni, sindrom utrujenosti.</p> <p>Tematsko posodabljanje predavanj zahteva dodatek ali razširitev poglavij s spoznaji o vse bolj aktualnih infektih (okužbe pri imunsko oslabljenih osebah, transplantirancih, nosilcih umetnih materialov, bolnišnične okužbe, okužbe v tropskih razmerah oz. na potovanjih, bioterorizem).</p> <p>Infektologija za odrasle bolnike</p> <p>Študent mora spoznati in obvladati diagnostični in terapevtski pristop pri bolniku s sumom na infekcijsko bolezen oziroma pri vročičnem bolniku, spoznati mora značilnosti okužb glede na prizadeti organski sistem (npr. okužb osrednjega živčevja, dihal, prebavil, sečil, spolovil, mišic, kosti in sklepov, kože in podkožja), značilnosti nekaterih bolezni oziroma bolezenskih stanj (npr. virusni hepatitis, AIDS, lymska borelioza, infekcijski endokarditis, sepsa, septični šok, pogostejše tropске bolezni), značilnosti okužb pri bolnikih z ohranljeno ali okvarjeno imunostjo in/ali vgrajenimi umetnimi materiali, ukrepe za preprečevanje nalezljivih bolezni, doktrino racionalne uporabe antibiotikov, protivirusnih, protiglavčnih in protiparazitnih zdravil, kakor tudi pristope za odkrivanje, dokazovanje, zdravljenje in preprečevanje bolnišničnih okužb.</p> <p>Pediatrična infektologija</p> <p>Specializant spozna značilnosti in osvoji znanje o etiologiji, epidemiologiji, kliničnih simptomih in znakih, zdravljenju in preprečevanju okužb pri otrocih v različnih starostnih obdobjih. Uspособi se tudi za interpretacijo rezultatov laboratorijskih testov, še posebno tistih, ki se razlikujejo od ugotovitev pri odraslih bolnikih.</p> <p>Intenzivna in urgentna infektologija</p> <p>Specializant se seznaní s prepoznavanjem, diagnostiko in zdravljenjem akutnih infekcijskih bolezni, ki ogrožajo življenje in ki potrebujejo intenzivno zdravljenje, kakor tudi s preprečevanjem okužb in pravili bolnišnične higiene na oddelku za intenzivno terapijo.</p> <p>Sklopi naslovnih tem predavanj:</p> <p>STREPTOKOKNE OKUŽBE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - streptokokno vnetje žrela (tonsillopharyngitis) - škrlatinka (scarletina) - šen (erysipelas) - impetigo – pyoderma - pnevmokokne okužbe - druge | <p>atypical pneumoniae, intestinal infections, hemorrhagic fever, unexplained fever conditions, sepsis, cutaneous rash, fatigue syndrome.</p> <p>Updating of lecture themes requires an addition or extension of chapters with new findings on nowadays topical infections (in immune-deficient persons, transplant recipients, recipients of artificial materials, hospital infections, tropic areas- or travel-related infections, bioterrorism).</p> <p>Infectology in adult patients</p> <p>Students shall learn and become proficient in the diagnostic and therapeutic approach to patients with suspected infectious disease or febrile condition, learn about infection characteristics with respect to organ system affected (e.g. infections of the central nervous-, respiratory-, gastrointestinal-, urinary system, reproductive organs, muscles, bones and joints, skin and subcutaneous tissues), the characteristics of certain diseases or pathologic conditions (e.g. viral hepatitis, AIDS, Lyme boreliosis, infectious endocarditis, sepsis, septic shock, more frequent tropic diseases), characteristics of infections in patients with preserved or damaged immunity and/or inserted artificial materials, measures for prevention of infectious diseases, doctrine of rational use of antibiotics, antiviral, antifungal and anti-parasitic medications, as well as approaches for the detection, verification, treatment and prevention of hospital infections.</p> <p>Paediatric infectology</p> <p>Residents learn and acquire knowledge of etiology, epidemiology, clinical symptoms and signs, treatment and prevention of infection in children in different age periods. They become proficient in the interpretation of the findings of laboratory tests, particularly the ones that differ from those in adult patients.</p> <p>Intensive and emergency infectology</p> <p>Residents become acquainted with the identification, diagnosis and treatment of acute life-threatening infectious diseases, which require intensive therapy, as well as with the prevention of infections and rules of hospital hygiene in the unit of intensive therapy.</p> <p>Sets of lecture title themes:</p> <p>STREPTOCOCCAL INFECTIONS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - streptococcal inflammation of the pharynx (tonsillopharyngitis); - Scarlet fever (scarletina) - Erysipelas |
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| <p>STAFILOKOKNE OKUŽBE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - stafilocokne okužbe kože - stafilocokna pljučnica - stafilocokni meningitis - stafilocokna sepsa - stafilocokni endokarditis - stafilocokni perikarditis - stafilocokni osteomielitis - stafilocokkni artritis - sindrom toksičnega šoka <p>OKUŽBE Z ANAEROBI</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - tetanus - botulizem - druge klostridijske bolezni - davica <p>OKUŽBE S HERPES VIRUSI</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - s herpes simplex virusom tip 1, 2, 6 - s citomegalovirusom - z varicela – zoster virusom (varicella, herpes zoster) - z Epstein Barrovim virusom (mononucleosis infectiosa) <p>ČREVESNE OKUŽBE:</p> <p>Salmoneloze</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - trebušni tifus - paratifus A, B - akutni enterokolitis <p>Griža (dysenteria)</p> <p>Kampilobakterioza</p> <p>Zastrupitev s hrano – stafilocokna</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clostridium perfringens - Bacillus cereus <p>Jersinioza</p> <p>Kolera</p> <p>Virusni enterokolitisi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - rotavirusni - norwalk virusni - adenovirusni - astrovirusni | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Impetigo – pyoderma - Pneumococcal infections - Others <p>STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - staphylococcal infections of the skin - staphylococcal pneumonia - staphylococcal meningitis - staphylococcal sepsis - staphylococcal endocarditis - staphylococcal pericarditis - staphylococcal osteomyelitis - staphylococcal arthritis - toxic shock syndrome <p>ANAEROBIC INFECTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - tetanus - botulism - other clostridial diseases - diphtheria <p>HERPES VIRUS INFECTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - with herpes simplex virus types 1, 2 and 6 - with cytomegalovirus - with varicella, herpes zoster virus - with Epstein-Barr virus (mononucleosis infectiosa) <p>INTESTINAL INFECTIONS:</p> <p>Salmonelloses</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - typhoid fever - paratyphoid fever A, B - acute enterocolitis <p>Bloody diarrhea (dysenteria)</p> <p>Campylobacteriosis</p> <p>Food poisoning - staphylococcal</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clostridium perfringens - Bacillus cereus <p>Yersiniosis</p> <p>Cholera</p> <p>Viral enterocolitis infections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - rotaviral infections - Norwalk virus infections - adenoviral - astroviral |
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| Driske na potovanjih | |
| Driske pri imunsko motenih bolnikih | Travel-related diarrheas |
| Driske povzročene z E. coli | Diarrheas in immune-deficient patients |
| Driske povzročene z aeromonas sp. | E. coli-caused diarrheas |
| Driske povzročene s Clostridium difficile | Aeromonas sp.-caused diarrheas |
| OKUŽBE OSREDNJEGA ŽIVČEVJA | Clostridium difficile -caused diarrheas |
| Gnojni (bakterijski) meningitisi | CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM INFECTIONS |
| - meningokokni meningitis | Purulent (bacterial) meningitis |
| - Pneumokokni meningitis | - meningococcal meningitis |
| - Hemofilusni meningitis | - pneumococcal meningitis |
| - Listerijski meningitis | - Haemophylus influenzae-caused meningitis |
| - Stafilokokni meningitis | - listerial meningitis |
| - Gramnegativni bacilarni meningitis | - staphylococcal meningitis |
| - gram-negative bacterial meningitis | |
| Serozni meningitisi, meningoencefalitisi | Serous meningitis, meningoencephalitis |
| - tuberkulozni meningitis | - tuberculous meningitis |
| - leptospirozni meningitis | - leptospirosis-caused meningitis |
| - borelijski meningitis | - Borellia-caused meningitis |
| - brucelozni meningitis | - brucellosus meningitis |
| - mikoplazmatski meningitis | - mycoplasma meningitis |
| - klopni meningoencefalitis | - tick-borne meningoencephalitis |
| - herpetični (HSV tip 1, 2) meningoencefalitis | - herptic (HSV type 1, 2) meningoencephalitis |
| - enterovirusni meningoencefalitisi | - enteroviral meningoencephalitis |
| - glivični meningoencefalitis | - fungal meningoencephalitis |
| - parazitni meningoenceflaitis | - parasitic meningoencephalitis |
| OKUŽBE DIHAL | |
| Tonsilofaringitis | RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS |
| Bakterijske pljučnice | Tonsilopharyngitis |
| Atypične pljučnice: | Bacterial pneumonias |
| - klamidijske okužbe | Atypical pneumonias |
| - mikoplazemske okužbe | - chlamidial infections |
| - legioneloze | - mycoplasmic infections |
| - Q mrzlica | - legionelloses |
| Oslovski kašelj (pertussis) | - Q fever |
| Influenca | Whooping cough (pertussis) |
| Parainfluenca | Influenza |
| Virusna prehladna obolenja | Parainfluenza |
| Adenoviroze | Viral cold-related diseases |
| IZPUŠČAJNE BOLEZNI | Adenoviroses |
| Ošpice (morbilli) | |
| Rdečke (rubella) | RASH DISEASES |

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| Erythema infectiosum | Measles (morbilli) |
| Exanthema subitum | German measles (rubella) |
| Norice (varicella) – herpes zoster | Infectious erythema |
| Rikecioze | Exanthema subitum |
| VIRUSNI HEPATITISI – A, B, C, D,E, G, H | Varicella - herpes zoster |
| PARAZITNE BOLEZNI | Ricketsioses |
| Toksoplazmoza | VIRAL HEPATITISES – A, B, C, D,E, G, H |
| Lamblioza | PARASITIC DISEASES |
| Tenioza – cisticeroza | Toxoplasmosis |
| Ehinokokoza | Lambliosis |
| Trihinozoa | Teniosis – cysticercosis |
| Filarioza | Echinococcosis |
| Okužbe s pneumocystis carinii | Trichinosis |
| ZOONOZE | Filarosis |
| Listerioza | Pneumocystic carinii infections |
| Bruceloza | ZOOSES |
| Tularemija | Listeriosis |
| Lymska borelioza | Brucellosis |
| Erlihioza | Tularaemia |
| Vranični prisad (antraks) | Lyme boreliosis |
| Bolezni mačje opraskanine | Ehrlichiosis |
| Steklina (rabies) | Anthrax |
| TROPSKE BOLEZNI | Cat-scratch diseases |
| Malaria | Rabies |
| Amebiasa | TROPICAL DISEASES |
| Lišmanioza | Malaria |
| Tripanosomoza | Amebiasis |
| Shistosomoza | Leishmaniasis |
| Hemoragične mrzlice: | Trypanosomasis |
| - rumena mrzlica | Schistosomosis |
| - Denga | Haemorrhagic fevers: |
| - Hantan mrzlica | - yellow fever |
| - Lassa mrzlica | - Dengue fever |
| - Marburg mrzlica | - Hantan fever |
| - Ebola | - Lassa fever |
| Leptospiroze | - Marburg fever |

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| Kuga | - Ebola |
| GLIVIČNE OKUŽBE | Leptospiroses |
| NOZOKOMIALNE (BOLNIŠNIČNE) OKUŽBE | Plague |
| HIV okužba – AIDS | FUNGAL INFECTIONS |
| OKUŽBE PRI IMUNSKO MOTENIH BOLNIKIH | NOSOCOMIAL (HOSPITAL) INFECTIONS |
| OKUŽBE PRI NOSILCIH UMETNIH MATERIALOV | HIV infection – AIDS |
| OKUŽBE PRI TRANSPLANTIRANCIH | INFECTIONS IN IMMUNE-DEFICIENT PATIENTS |
| VROČINA NEZNANEGA IZVORA (STATUS FEBRILIS) | INFECTIONS IN ARTIFICIAL MATERIAL RECIPIENTS |
| NAJPOMEMBNEJŠI SIMPTOMI IN ZNAKI PRI OPISOVANJU IN DIAGNOSTICIRANJU INFEKCIJSKIH BOLEZNI: | INFECTIONS IN TRANSPLANT RECIPIENTS |
| vročina | FEBRILE CONDITION OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN (STATUS FEBRILIS) |
| diplopija | MOST IMPORTANT SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS IN DESCRIBING AND DIAGNOSING INFECTIOUS DISEASES: |
| mrzlica | fever |
| fotofobija | diplopia |
| bolečina | chills |
| nistagmus | photophobia |
| krvavitev | pain |
| anizokorija | nystagmus |
| hujšanje | hemorrhage |
| midrijaza | anisochoria |
| utrujenost | loss of body weight |
| mioza | mydriasis |
| splošno bolezensko počutje | fatigue |
| dispnoa | miosis |
| hipotermija | general feeling of illness |
| hiperventilacija | dyspnea |
| neredno dihanje | hypothermia |
| bolečine pri dihanju | hyperventilation |
| nenadna smrt | irregular breathing |
| bolečine v prsih | painful breathing |
| lokalna in generalizirana limfoadenopatija | sudden death |
| nauzea | pain in the chest |
| cianoza | local and generalized lymphadenopathy |
| vomitus | nausea |
| ikterus | cyanosis |
| bolečine v trebuhu | vomiting |
| lokalna rdečina kože | icterus (jaundice) |
| napetost preko pasu | pain in the abdomen |
| kožni izpuščaji | local erythema of the skin |
| diareja | tension in the waist area |
| hemoragična diateza | cutaneous rash |
| primes sluzi, krv v blatu | diarrhea |
| pik žuželke | |
| pekoča mikcija | |

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| rana | hemorrhagic diatesis |
| polakisurija | presence of mucus and/or blood in stool |
| glavobol | insect sting |
| oligurija | burning sensation on urination |
| trizmus | wound |
| anurija | polakisuria |
| bolečine v zatilju | headache |
| bolečine v ledjih | oliguria |
| otrplost tilnika | trismus |
| motnje zavesti | anuria |
| epistaksa | pain in the nape of the neck |
| parestezije | pain in the loins |
| nahod | neck stiffness |
| tremor | consciousness disorders |
| strabizem | epistaxis |
| mišični krči | paresthesias |
| paralize | rhinitis (runny nose) |
| Razen opisov klasičnih infekcijskih bolezni in okužb posameznih organov bomo od študentov zahtevali tudi poznavanje patofiziološkega razumevanja in diferencialno diagnostiko komatoznih stanj, septičnega šoka, ARDS, dehidracije in akutne ledvične odpovedi ter razumevanje pojmov medsebojnih odnosov med makro in mikro organizmom (saprofit – komerzal – parazit – patogen; infekt – infekcijska bolezen; virulanca; rezistenca; imunost). | tremor |
| strabismus | muscle spasms |
| | paralysis |
| | Besides being able to describe classical infectious diseases and individual organ infections, the students will be expected to understand patho-physiology and differential diagnosis of comatous conditions, septic shock, ARDS, dehydration and acute renal failure; they should also be able to explain the terms associated with relationship between macro- and microorganism (saprophyte – commensal – parasite –pathogen; infectant – infectious disease; virulence; resistance; immunity). |

Temeljni literatura in viri / Reading materials:

Temeljna

- Marolt-Gomišček M, Radšel-Medvešček A. Infekcijske bolezni, Tangram, Ljubljana 2002.

V jeseni 2014 pričakujemo nov učbenik.

Dopolnilna

- Poglavlje o infekcijskih boleznih v učbeniku Longo in sod., Harrison's Principle of Medicine, McGraw Hill, New York 2013; Izbrana poglavja iz infekcijskih bolezni 485-778
- Mandel GL, Bennett JE, Dolin R. Principles and Practice of Infectious Diseases. Churchill Livingstone, Philadelphia, 2005.
- Mayhall CG. Hospital epidemiology and Infection Control. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. 4. izdaja. Philadelphia, 2012.
- Begovac J, Božinović D, Lisić M et al. Infektologija. Profil. Zagreb, 2006.
- Beović, Strle, Čižman, Tomažič, Infektološki simpoziji, Medicinski razgledi. Ljubljana, v l. 1995-2014.
- Gorišek-Reberšek J. in sod. Bedjaničevi simpoziji, SB Maribor, Maribor, v l. 1997-2014.
- Lešničar G., Infektološki Lešničarjev simpozij, Laško 2012

Cilji in kompetence:

Študent pri pouku spoznava epidemiološke, patofiziološke, etiopatogenetske in klinične značilnosti infekcijskih bolezni, lastnosti povročiteljev (patogenost, virulenta, itd.) in gostiteljev (dovzetnost, nagnjenost, itd.) ter njihove medsebojne odnose. Spozna in zna razlikovati bolezenska dogajanja pri različnih patogenetskih oblikah infekcijskih bolezni, (tako lokalnih, kot sistemskih). Seznaní se s posebnostmi anamneze in klinične preiskave pri infekcijskih boleznih, mikrobiološkim in serološkim dokazovanjem povzročiteljev, osnovami racionalne uporabe antibiotikov, kemo- in imunoprofilakse ter z aktualnim epidemiološkim stanjem infekcijskih bolezni pri nas in v svetu. Tako razume bolezenska dogajanja in je sposoben samostojno ocenjevati načine preprečevanja in zdravljenja teh bolezni.

Objectives and competences:

Students learn about epidemiological, pathophysiological, etio-pathogenetic and clinical characteristics of infectious diseases, causative agent (pathogenic potential, virulence, etc.) and host (susceptibility, inclination, etc.) properties and their interrelations. They learn to distinguish between different pathogenetic forms of infectious diseases (local as well as systemic). They get acquainted with specificity of anamnesis and clinical examination in infectious diseases, microbiological and serological verification of causative agents, basics of rational use of antibiotics, chemo- and immunoprophylaxis, and with current epidemiological situation in the area of infectious diseases in the country and abroad. Thus, they understand pathological occurrences and are able to independently consider possible preventive measures and treatment of these diseases.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

- prepoznavanje klinične slike
- uvažanje diagnostičnih preiskav
- diferencialno-diagnostična presoja
- zdravljenje bolezni

Prenesljive/ključne spremnosti in drugi atributi:

- poznavanje osnovnih higieničkih principov
- obvladovanje antibiotične profilakse in zdravljenja

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and Understanding:

- recognition of clinical picture
- implementation of diagnostic investigations
- differential-diagnostic evaluation
- treatment of diseases

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

- knowledge of the basic principles of hygiene
- knowledge of antibiotic prophylaxis and treatment

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- predavanja z avdio-vizuelno podporo
- seminarji
- klinične vaje

Learning and teaching methods:

- lectures with audio-visual support
- seminars
- clinical work

Delež (v %) /

Share (in %)

Assessment methods:

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| Načini ocenjevanja: - pisni izpit ŠTUDIJSKE OBVEZNOSTI ŠTUDENTOV: predavanja in seminarji POGOJI ZA PRISTOP K POSAMEZNEMU PREVERJANJU ZNANJA: opravljeni seminarji in prisotnost na predavanjih | 100 | Delež (v %) / Share (in %) - written examination ACADEMIC OBLIGATIONS OF STUDENTS: lectures and coursework REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS TO INDIVIDUAL KNOWLEDGE CHECKING: completed coursework assignments and attendance at lectures |
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Reference nosilca / Course coordinator's references:

SEME, Katja, VRHOVAC, Maja, MOČILNIK, Tina, MATIČIČ, Mojca, LEŠNIČAR, Gorazd, BAKLAN, Zvonko, MEGLIČ-VOLKAR, Jelka, RAJTER, Mojca, ŠTEPEC, Srečko, LUNAR, Maja M., POLJAK, Mario. Hepatitis C virus genotypes in 1,504 patients in Slovenia, 1993-2007. Journal of medical virology, ISSN 0146-6615, 2009, letn. 81, št. 4, str. 634-639, doi: 10.1002/jmv.21427. [COBISS.SI-ID 25417945], [JCR, SNIP, WoS do 30. 12. 2013: št. citatov (TC): 13, čistih citatov (CI):

12, normirano št. čistih citatov (NC): 4, Scopus do 31. 12. 2013: št. citatov (TC): 14, čistih citatov (CI): 12, normirano št. čistih citatov (NC): 4]

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