

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS	
Predmet:	Biofizika
Course title:	Biophysics

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
BIOMEDICINSKA TEHNOLOGIJA/BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY 3. stopnja/3rd Degree		1	1/2

Vrsta predmeta / Course type

Temeljni/Basic

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:

Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
20	40	15			195	9

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:

Prof. dr. Marko Marhl

Jeziki /

Predavanja / Lectures:

Slovenščina/Slovene

Languages:

Vaje / Tutorial:

Slovenščina/Slovene

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:

Prerequisites:

Vsebina:

Biofizika celice in celične membrane: mehanske lastnosti celične membrane, metabolizem celice, termodinamski potenciali in kemijski potencial, kislinsko-bazno ravnotežje, osmoza, difuzija in elektrodifuzija, membranski potencial, Nernstova enačba, Donnanovo ravnovesje, elektrodifuzijski potencial. Električna vzdražljivost celice in prenos električnega impulza. Biofizika celičnega skeleta in molekularni motorji (delovanje mišice). Izbrani fiziološki sistemi: kri in krvni obtok, čutila, okostje in mišice, živčevje. Regulacija bioloških sistemov (sistemska analiza, regulacija metaboličnih sistemov – kontrolna teorija). Biološki dinamični sistemi (celična signalizacija, razvoj populacije). Samoorganizacija bioloških sistemov. Teorije in modeli evolucije. Interakcija neionizirajočega elektromagnetnega sevanja s tkivom človeka. Interakcija ionizirajočega sevanja s tkivom.

Pri obravnavi vsebin spoznamo nekaj ključnih biofizikalnih teoretičnih in eksperimentalnih raziskovalnih metod, ki so pomembne za znanstveno raziskovalno delo na področju medicine.

Teoretične metode: stabilnostna analiza dinamičnih sistemov, numerične metode in deterministično modeliranje, izračun Lyapunovih eksponentov, analiza kaotičnih atraktorjev, določanje fraktalne dimenzije, stohastično modeliranje in Gillespiejev algoritem, metoda

Content (Syllabus outline):

Cell and cell membrane biophysics: mechanical properties of a cell membrane, cellular metabolism, thermodynamic potentials and chemical potential, acid-base equilibrium, osmosis, diffusion and electro-diffusion, the membrane potential; Nernst equation, Donnan equilibrium, electro-diffusion potential. Electrical excitability and propagation of electric pulse. Biophysics of cytoskeleton and molecular motors (muscle contraction). Selected physiological systems: blood and cardiovascular system, senses, skeletal-muscular system, nervous system. Regulation of biological systems (system analysis, control theory of metabolic systems). Biological dynamic systems (cell signalling, growth of population). Self-organisation of biological systems. Theory and models of evolution. Interaction of non-ionising electromagnetic radiation with human tissue. Interaction with ionising radiation with tissues.

In the frame of the proposed content we learn some key theoretical and experimental research methods used in biophysics, which is crucial for the research work in the field of medicine.

Theoretical methods: stability analysis of dynamical systems, numerical methods and deterministic modelling, determination of Lyapunov exponents, analysis of chaotic attractors, determination of fractal dimension, stochastic modelling and Gillespie algorithm, Monte Carlo method,

Monte Carlo, celični avtomati, teorija iger, teorija mrež, analiza časovnih vrst.

Eksperimentalne metode: optična mikroskopija, elektronska mikroskopija, analiza nanomaterialov in uporaba nanodelcev, nuklearnma magnetna resonanca, elektronska paramagnetna resonanca.

cellular automata, game theory, network theory, time-series analysis.

Experimental methods: optical (light) microscopy, electron microscopy, analysis of nanomaterials and the use of nanoparticles, nuclear magnetic resonance, electron paramagnetic resonance.

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

- R. Glaser, Biophysics: An Introduction. Springer-Verlag, 2012.
- P. F. Dillon, Biophysics: A Physiological Approach. Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- J. Newman, Physics of the Life Sciences, Springer Science+Business Media. LLC, 2008.
- S. A. Kane, Introduction to Physics in Modern Medicine. CRC Press, 2009.
- R. Heinrich, S. Schuster, The Regulation of Cellular Scystems. Chapman & Hall, 1996.
- W. Greiner, L. Neise. H. Stöcker, Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics. Springer, 1997.
- K. A. Dill, S. Bromberg, Molecular Driving Forces: Statistical Thermodynamics in Biology, Chemistry, Physics, and Nanoscience, Second Edition. Garland Science, Taylor & Francis Group, 2011.
- S. H. Strogatz, Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos: With Applications to Physics, Biology, Chemistry, and Engineering. Perseus Books Publishing, 1994.
- A.-L. Barabási, Network Science. Cambridge University Press, 2016.
- D. J. Watts, Small Worlds: The Dynamics of Networks between Order and Randomness. Princeton University Press, 2003.
- Fractals in Biology and Medicine, Eds: G.A. Losa, D. Merlini, T.F. Nonnenmacher, E.R. Weibel, Birkhäuser Verlag, 2005.
- S. Camazine, J.-L. Deneubourg, N. R. Franks, J. Sneyd, G. Theraulaz, E. Bonebeau, Self-Organization in Biological Systems. Princeton University Press, 2001.
- M. Broom, J. Rychtár, Game-Theoretical Models in Biology. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2013.

Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je obravnavati strukturo in delovanje bioloških sistemov oziroma njihovih gradnikov na molekularni in makromolekularni ravni, na stopnji supramolekularne organiziranosti, na ravni celice in interakcije med njimi ter na ravni organov človeškega telesa. Pristop temelji na matematični formulaciji konceptov v biofiziki. Obravnavani primeri so izbrani iz biologije človeka in zato posebej zanimivi za medicino. Pri obravnavi primerov so izpostavljene teoretične in eksperimentalne raziskovalne metode.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Objectives and competences:

The main objective of the course is to discuss the structure and function of biological systems at different levels of biological complexity from a molecular, macromolecular and supramolecular level to a cellular level and tissue as well as to organs of the human body. The course is based on mathematical formulation of biophysical concepts. The presented systems are selected from human biology with indicated applications to medicine. In particular, a special attention is given to learn about theoretical and experimental research methods.

Intended learning outcomes:

Znanje in razumevanje:

Usvojeno pregledno interdisciplinarno znanje o strukturnih lastnosti in delovanju bioloških sistemov na različnih ravneh organiziranosti od molekule do organizma.

Prenesljive/ključne spretnosti in drugi atributi:

Sposobnost vključitve v poglobljeno raziskovalno delo z namenom nadaljevanja doktorskega študija in izdelave doktorata na različnih problemih biofizike in medicine.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

predavanja
seminarji

Knowledge and understanding:

Broad interdisciplinary knowledge of structure and function of different biological systems considered at different levels of complexity from molecules to human organs.

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

Ability of a student to be involved deeply in research in order to continue his/her doctoral studies leading to PhD thesis on various problems from biophysics and medicine.

Learning and teaching methods:

lectures
seminars

Načini ocenjevanja:

Vsaj 50% prisotnost in aktivno sodelovanje pri predavanjih, seminarjih in vajah

Delež (v %) /

Weight (in %)

Assessment:

10%

Min. 50% attendance and active participation in lectures, seminars, and laboratory work

Seminarska naloga	40%	Seminar work
Ustno preverjanje znanja z zagovorom seminarja	50%	Oral examination with defence of the seminar work

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

GOSAK, Marko, GUIBERT, Christelle, BILLAUD, Marie, ROUX, Etienne, **MARHL, Marko**. The influence of gap junction network complexity on pulmonary artery smooth muscle reactivity in normoxic and chronically hypoxic conditions. *Experimental physiology*, ISSN 0958-0670, 2014, vol. 99, no. 1, str. 272-285, doi: [10.1113/expphysiol.2013.074971](https://doi.org/10.1113/expphysiol.2013.074971). [COBISS.SI-ID 20068872], [JCR, SNIP, WoS]

MARKOVIČ, Rene, GOSAK, Marko, **MARHL, Marko**. Broad-scale small-world network topology induces optimal synchronization of flexible oscillators. *Chaos, solitons and fractals*. [Print ed.], 2014, vol. 69, str. 14-21. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.chaos.2014.08.008>. [COBISS.SI-ID 20845576], [JCR, SNIP, WoS]

MARKOVIČ, Rene, GOSAK, Marko, REPNIK, Robert, KRALJ, Samo, **MARHL, Marko**. Defects in planar cell polarity of epithelium : what can we learn from liquid crystals?. V: IGLIČ, Aleš (ur.), KULKARNI, Chandrashekhar (ur.). *Advances in planar lipid bilayers and liposomes*, (Advances in planar lipid bilayers and liposomes, ISSN 1554-4516, vol. 20). Amsterdam [etc.]: Elsevier: Academic Press. cop. 2014, str. 197-217, ilustr., doi: [10.1016/B978-0-12-418698-9.00008-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-12-418698-9.00008-3). [COBISS.SI-ID 20825864], [WoS, Scopus]

GOSAK, Marko, STOŽER, Andraž, MARKOVIČ, Rene, DOLENŠEK, Jurij, PERC, Matjaž, RUPNIK, Marjan, **MARHL, Marko**. Critical and supercritical spatiotemporal calcium dynamics in beta cells. *Frontiers in physiology*, ISSN 1664-042X, 2017, vol. 8, str. 1-17, ilustr., doi: [10.3389/fphys.2017.01106](https://doi.org/10.3389/fphys.2017.01106). [COBISS.SI-ID 512760376], [JCR, SNIP, WoS]

GOSAK, Marko, MARKOVIČ, Rene, DOLENŠEK, Jurij, RUPNIK, Marjan, **MARHL, Marko**, STOŽER, Andraž, PERC, Matjaž. Network science of biological systems at different scales : a review. *Physics of life reviews*, ISSN 1873-1457, 2018, vol. 24, str. 118-135, doi: [10.1016/j.plrev.2017.11.003](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.plrev.2017.11.003). [COBISS.SI-ID 512746040], [JCR, SNIP, WoS]